	Writing Standards K-12
Text Types and Purposes	
W.CCR.1	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 1: Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
W.11-12.1 Grade 11-12 students:	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. c. Use specific rhetorical devices to support assertions (e.g., appeal to logic through reasoning; appeal to emotion or ethical belief; relate a personal anecdote, case study, or analogy). d. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
W.9-10.1 Grade 9-10 students:	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
W.8.1 Grade 8 students:	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
W.7.1 Grade 7 students:	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and address alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. b. Support claim(s) or counterarguments with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence. d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

144.6.4	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
W.6.1	
	a. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.
Grade 6	b. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and
	demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
students:	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.
W.5.1	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
	a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in
	which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.
Grade 5	b. Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details.
students:	c. Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically).
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
W.4.1	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
=	a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in
	which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.
Grade 4	b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.
students:	c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
W.3.1	Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.
******	a. Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, and create an
	organizational structure that lists reasons.
Grade 3	b. Provide reasons that support the opinion.
students:	c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., because, therefore, since, for example) to connect
	opinion and reasons.
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section.
W.2.1	
**.2.1	
	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an
Grade 2	opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also) to
students:	connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.
W.1.1	The state of the s
VV.1.1	
Grade 1	Write eninion pieces in which they introduce the tenie or name the healt they are writing chart
students:	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about,
	state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.
W.K.1	
Kindergarten	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they
students:	tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or
	preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is).

	Writing Standards K-12
Text Types and Purposes	
	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 2:
W.CCR.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and
W.CCh.2	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and
	analysis of content.
W.11-12.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and
	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
Grade 11-12	a. Introduce a topic or thesis statement; organize complex ideas, concepts, and
students:	information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified
	whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and
	multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples
	appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text,
	create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor,
	simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms
	and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information
	or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
W.9-10.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and
	information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
Grade 9-10	a. Introduce a topic or thesis statement; organize complex ideas, concepts, and
students:	information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g.,
	headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding
	comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the
	audience's knowledge of the topic.
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create
	cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the
	topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms
	and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information
	or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
W.8.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, including career development documents (e.g., simple business letters and job applications), to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
Grade 8	a. Introduce a topic or thesis statement clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas,
students:	concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics
	(e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among
	ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
	explanation presented. (Continued on next page)

W.7.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and
VV.7.2	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
Grade 7	a. Introduce a topic or thesis statement clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas,
	concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/ effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g.,
students:	companson/contrast, and cause/ effect, include formatting (e.g., fleadings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other
	information and examples.
	c. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and
	concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or
	explanation presented.
W.6.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and
	information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
Grade 6	a. Introduce a topic or thesis statement; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using
students:	strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding
students.	comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other
	information and examples.
	c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation
	presented.
W.5.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
	a. Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related
Grade 5	information logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when
students:	useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and
students.	examples related to the topic.
	c. Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses
	(e.g., in contrast, especially).
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
VA / 4 2	e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
W.4.2	a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include
	formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
Grade 4	b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and
students:	examples related to the topic.
	c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for
	example, also, because). d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.
W.3.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
	a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to
Grade 3	aiding comprehension.
students:	b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details. c. Use linking words and phrases (e.g., also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within
students.	categories of information.
	d. Provide a concluding statement or section.
W.2.2	
Grade 2	Write informative/evaluation/ toyle in which they introduce a territory for the first
students:	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.
W.1.2	develop points, and provide a considering statement of section.
VV.1.2	
Grade 1	
	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the
students:	topic, and provide some sense of closure.

W.K.2	
Kindergarten students:	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.

Writing Standards K-12	
Text Types and Purposes	
W.CCR.3	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
W.11-12.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
Grade 11-12 students:	a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or
W.9-10.3	resolved over the course of the narrative. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,
Grade 9-10 students:	well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot
	lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole. d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture
	of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.
W.8.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
Grade 8	a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
students:	b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
	c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events. d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
W.7.3	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,
vv./.5	relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
Grade 7	a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
students:	b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
	c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
	d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
	(Continued on next nage)

W.6.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
Crado 6	a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or
Grade 6	characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
students:	b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
	c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts
	from one time frame or setting to another.
	d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey
	experiences and events.
W.5.3	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,
VV.J.5	descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
Cuada F	a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters;
Grade 5	organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
students:	b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
	c. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
	d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events
	precisely.
	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
W.4.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
	a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters;
Grade 4	organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
students:	b. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of
	characters to situations.
	c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events. d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events
	precisely.
	e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
W.3.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,
	descriptive details, and clear event sequences. a. Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence
Grade 3	that unfolds naturally.
students:	b. Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and
	events or show the response of characters to situations.
	c. Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order. d. Provide a sense of closure.
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VV.2.3	
Crada 3	Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events,
Grade 2	include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event
students:	order, and provide a sense of closure.
W.1.3	
	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include
Grade 1	some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide
students:	some sense of closure.
W.K.3	
Kindergarten	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several
students:	loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.
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	Writing Standards K-12
	Production and Distribution of Writing
W.CCR.4	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 4: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
W.11-12.4	
Grade 11-12 students: W.9-10.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
Grade 9-10 students: W.8.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
Grade 8 students:	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
W.7.4 Grade 7 students:	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
W.6.4 Grade 6 students:	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
W.5.4 Grade 5 students:	Produce clear and coherent writing (including multiple-paragraph texts) in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
W.4.4 Grade 4 students:	Produce clear and coherent writing (including multiple-paragraph texts) in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
W.3.4 Grade 3 students:	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grades-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Writing standards 1–3.)
W.2.4 Grade 2 students:	With quidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3.)
W.1.4 Grade 1 students:	
W.K.4	(Begins in grade <u>2</u>)
Kindergarten students:	(Begins in grade <u>2</u>)

	Writing Standards K-12
	Production and Distribution of Writing
W.CCR.5	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 5: Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
W.11-12.5	
Grade 11-12 students:	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 11–12.)
W.9-10.5 Grade 9-10 students:	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 9–10.)
W.8.5	
Grade 8 students:	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 8.)
W.7.5 Grade 7 students:	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 7.)
W.6.5 Grade 6 students:	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 6.)
W.5.5	
Grade 5 students:	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 5.)
W.4.5 Grade 4 students:	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 4.)
W.3.5	
Grade 3 students:	With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 3.)
W.2.5	
Grade 2 students:	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.
W.1.5	
Grade 1 students:	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.
W.K.5	
Kindergarten students:	With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.

	Writing Standards K-12
	Production and Distribution of Writing
W.CCR.6	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 6: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.
W.11-12.6	
Grade 11-12 students: W.9-10.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.
Grade 9-10 students:	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.
W.8.6 Grade 8 students:	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
W.7.6 Grade 7	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite
students:	sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.
W.6.6 Grade 6 students:	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.
W.5.6 Grade 5 students:	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting.
W.4.6 Grade 4 students:	With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
W.3.6 Grade 3 students:	With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
W.2.6 Grade 2 students:	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
W.1.6 Grade 1 students:	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.
W.K.6 Kindergarten students:	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

	Writing Standards K-12
	Research to Build and Present Knowledge
W.CCR.7	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 7: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
W.11-12.7	
Grade 11-12 students:	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
W.9-10.7	
Grade 9-10 students:	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
W.8.7	
Grade 8 students:	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
W.7.7	
Grade 7 students:	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.
W.6.7	
Grade 6 students:	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.
W.5.7	
Grade 5 students:	Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
W.4.7	
Grade 4 students:	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
W.3.7	
Grade 3 students:	Conduct short research projects that build knowledge about a topic.
W.2.7	
Grade 2 students:	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).
W.1.7	
Grade 1 students:	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).
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Kindergarten students:	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).

	Writing Standards K-12
	Research to Build and Present Knowledge
	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 8:
W.CCR.8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources,
W.CCh.o	assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information
	while avoiding plagiarism.
W.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced
	searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task,
Grade 11-12	purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format
students:	for citation including footnotes and endnotes.
W.9-10.8	
	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced
Grade 9-10	searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question;
students:	integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism
W.8.8	and following a standard format for citation including footnotes and endnotes.
VV.8.8	
Condo O	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms
Grade 8	effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data
students:	and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
W.7.8	
	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms
Grade 7	effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data
students:	and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
W.6.8	VI V
Grade 6	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each
students:	source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.
W.5.8	and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.
W.J.0	
Grade 5	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital
students:	sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of
W.4.8	sources.
VV.4.8	
Consider 4	
Grade 4	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital
students:	sources; take notes, paraphrase , and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.
W.3.8	
Grade 3	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take
students:	brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.
W.2.8	
Grade 2	Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a
students:	question.
W.1.8	
Grade 1	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information
students:	from provided sources to answer a question.
W.K.8	
.,,,,,	
Kindergarten	
students:	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information
students.	from provided sources to answer a question.

Writing Standards K-12		
Research to Build and Present Knowledge		
W.CCR.9	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 9: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	
W.11-12.9 Grade 11-12 students:	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). b. Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").	
W.9-10.9 Grade 9-10 students:	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply <i>grades 9–10 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]"). b. Apply <i>grades 9–10 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").	
W.8.9 Grade 8 students:	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new"). b. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced").	
W.7.9 Grade 7 students:	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history"). b. Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g. "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims").	
W.6.9 Grade 6 students:	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics"). b. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").	
W.5.9 Grade 5 students:	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]"). b. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]").	
W.4.9 Grade 4 students:	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions]."). b. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text").	

W.3.9	
Grade 3	
students:	(Begins in grade 4)
W.2.9	
Grade 2	
students:	(Begins in grade 4)
W.1.9	
Grade 1	
students:	(Begins in grade 4)
W.K.9	
Kindergarten	
students:	(Begins in grade 4)

Writing Standards K-12		
	Range of Writing	
	CCR Writing Anchor Standard 10:	
W.CCR.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision)	
	and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes,	
W.11-12.10	and audiences.	
VV.11-12.10		
Grade 11-12	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter	
students:	time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences	
W.9-10.10	and addiences	
Grade 9-10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes,	
students:	and audiences	
W.8.10		
Grade 8	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes,	
students:	and audiences	
W.7.10		
	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter	
Grade 7	time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes,	
students:	and audiences	
W.6.10		
0 1 6	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter	
Grade 6	time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes,	
students:	and audiences	
W.5.10		
Grade 5	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter	
students:	time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes,	
W.4.10	and audiences	

Grade 4	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter	
students:	time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences	
W.3.10		
Grade 3	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes,	
students:	and audiences.	
W.2.10		
	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and	
Grade 2	shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific	
students:	tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
W.1.10		
Crado 1		
Grade 1	(Parine in grade 0)	
students: W.K.10	(Begins in grade <u>2</u>)	
VV.N.1U		
Kindergarten		
students:	(Begins in grade <u>2</u>)	
Claudino	(Degins in grade <u>Σ</u>)	